

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2022

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
of the Bristol Metropolitan District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Bristol Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bristol Metropolitan District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bristol Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bristol Metropolitan District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bristol Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bristol Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bristol Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bristol Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary comparison schedules on pages 18-19 are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected on page 20 and the Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information – Unaudited on page 21 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Crady, Puca & Associates

Aurora, Colorado
April 5, 2024

Bristol Metropolitan District

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Net Position</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 1,152	\$ 15,279	\$ -	\$ 16,431	\$ -	\$ 16,431
Receivable - County Treasurer	100	508	-	608	-	608
Property taxes receivable	26,053	132,887	-	158,940	-	158,940
Due from other fund	-	16,136	-	16,136	(16,136)	-
Developer receivable	<u>37,918</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,918</u>	<u>(37,918)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>65,223</u>	<u>164,810</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>230,033</u>	<u>(54,054)</u>	<u>175,979</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>147,450</u>	<u>147,450</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>147,450</u>	<u>147,450</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 65,223</u>	<u>\$ 164,810</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 230,033</u>		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 23,072	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,072	-	23,072
Regional Mill Levy Payable	-	3,718	-	3,718	-	3,718
Due to other fund	16,136	-	-	16,136	(16,136)	-
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	11,543	11,543
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	6,000	6,000
Due in more than one year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,587,769</u>	<u>3,587,769</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>39,208</u>	<u>3,718</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>42,926</u>	<u>3,589,176</u>	<u>3,632,102</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes	<u>26,053</u>	<u>132,887</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>158,940</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>158,940</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>26,053</u>	<u>132,887</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>158,940</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>158,940</u>
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION						
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Emergencies	1,152	-	-	1,152	(1,152)	-
Debt service	-	28,205	-	28,205	(28,205)	-
Unassigned	<u>(1,190)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,190)</u>	<u>1,190</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>(38)</u>	<u>28,205</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,167</u>	<u>(28,167)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 65,223</u>	<u>\$ 164,810</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 230,033</u>		
Net Position:						
Restricted for:						
Emergencies					1,152	1,152
Debt service					16,662	16,662
Unrestricted					<u>(3,485,427)</u>	<u>(3,485,427)</u>
Total Net Position					<u>\$ (3,467,613)</u>	<u>\$ (3,467,613)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Bristol Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES	-					
Accounting and audit	\$ 11,818	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,818	\$ -	\$ 11,818
Election expense	2,386	-	-	2,386	-	2,386
Insurance	3,242	-	-	3,242	-	3,242
Legal	26,624	-	-	26,624	-	26,624
Miscellaneous expenses	771	-	-	771	-	771
Bond issuance costs	-	325,900	-	325,900	-	325,900
Treasurer's fees	320	1,601	-	1,921	-	1,921
Treasurer's fees-ARI	-	33	-	33	-	33
Bond principal	-	44,000	-	44,000	(44,000)	-
Bond interest expense	-	111,174	-	111,174	16,277	127,451
Trustee fees	-	12,000	-	12,000	-	12,000
Regional mill levy	-	2,238	-	2,238	-	2,238
Repay developer advances - principal	-	-	679,183	679,183	(679,183)	-
Developer advance interest	-	-	183,851	183,851	(107,919)	75,932
	<u>45,161</u>	<u>496,946</u>	<u>863,034</u>	<u>1,405,141</u>	<u>(814,825)</u>	<u>590,316</u>
Total Expenditures						
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property taxes	21,359	106,804	-	128,163	-	128,163
Property taxes - Regional mill levy	-	2,136	-	2,136	-	2,136
Specific ownership taxes	1,348	6,743	-	8,091	-	8,091
Specific ownership taxes- Regional mill levy	-	135	-	135	-	135
Interest income	626	995	-	1,621	-	1,621
	<u>23,333</u>	<u>116,813</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>140,146</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>140,146</u>
Total General Revenues						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(21,828)	(380,133)	(863,034)	(1,264,995)	814,825	(450,170)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond proceeds	-	3,135,000	-	3,135,000	(3,135,000)	-
Developer advances	21,790	-	-	21,790	(21,790)	-
Payment to refunding agent	-	(2,020,913)	-	(2,020,913)	2,020,913	-
Transfers (to)/from other funds	-	(863,034)	863,034	-	-	-
	<u>21,790</u>	<u>251,053</u>	<u>863,034</u>	<u>1,135,877</u>	<u>(1,135,877)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(38)	(129,080)	-	(129,118)	129,118	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(450,170)	(450,170)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	157,285	-	157,285	(3,174,728)	(3,017,443)
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ (38)</u>	<u>\$ 28,205</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 28,167</u>	<u>\$ (3,495,780)</u>	<u>\$ (3,467,613)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Bristol Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original	Final		Variance
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Favorable</u> <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 21,358	\$ 21,358	\$ 21,359	\$ 1
Specific ownership taxes	1,139	1,139	1,348	209
Interest income	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>626</u>	<u>626</u>
Total Revenues	<u>22,497</u>	<u>22,497</u>	<u>23,333</u>	<u>836</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting and audit	8,000	12,000	11,818	182
Election expense	2,000	2,400	2,386	14
Insurance	4,000	4,000	3,242	758
Legal	11,000	27,340	26,624	716
Miscellaneous expenses	-	-	771	(771)
Treasurer's fees	320	320	320	-
Contingency	2,500	-	-	-
Emergency reserve	<u>760</u>	<u>940</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>940</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>28,580</u>	<u>47,000</u>	<u>45,161</u>	<u>1,839</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES				
	(6,083)	(24,503)	(21,828)	2,675
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer advances	<u>6,083</u>	<u>24,503</u>	<u>21,790</u>	<u>(2,713)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>6,083</u>	<u>24,503</u>	<u>21,790</u>	<u>(2,713)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				
	-	-	(38)	(38)
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (38)</u>	<u>\$ (38)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Bristol Metropolitan District (“District”), located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on November 30, 2016, as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District operates pursuant to a service plan approved by the City of Aurora (the “City”) on July 25, 2016 (the “Service Plan”). The District was established to provide for the design, acquisition, completion construction, and operations and maintenance of a part or all of the public improvements for the use and benefit of the residents and property owners within the service area. The District is authorized for operating and maintaining park and recreation improvements. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization’s elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government’s legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization’s governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

On June 1, 2022, the District amended its total appropriations in the General Fund from \$28,580 to \$40,000 primarily for additional legal and accounting costs, in the Capital Projects Fund from \$0 to \$250,000 due to the repayment of developer advances from bond proceeds and in the Debt Service Fund from \$98,199 to \$2,609,706 due to issuance of the Series 2022A Bonds to refund the District's Series 2019A and Series 2019B Bonds.

On September 1, 2022, the District further amended its total appropriations in the Capital Projects Fund from \$250,000 to \$866,280 due to the additional repayment of developer advances from bond proceeds and in the Debt Service Fund from \$2,609,706 to \$3,408,000 due to the costs associated with the issuance of the District's Series 2022B(3) Bonds.

On December 12, 2023, the District further amended its total appropriations in the General Fund from \$40,000 to \$47,000 primarily for additional election, legal and accounting costs.

Assets, Liabilities deferred inflows, deferred outflows and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2022, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash on hand. Investments for the government are reported at net asset value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Interfund Balances

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred Loss on Refunding

The deferred loss on refunding is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Accumulated amortization of the deferred loss on refunding amounted to \$8,767 at December 31, 2022.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$1,152 of the General Fund balance has been reserved in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$28,205 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2022A and Series 2022B Bonds (see Note 3).

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. Although not included in a formal policy, the District considers decreases in fund balance to first reduce committed, then assigned, and then unassigned balances, in that order.

Fund Balance Deficit

The General Fund has a deficit of \$38 at December 31, 2022. It is anticipated that this will be eliminated with future property tax collections.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had no amount to report in this category.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2022, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments - restricted	\$ <u>16,431</u>
Total	\$ <u>16,431</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 3,288
COLOTRUST	<u>13,413</u>
Total	\$ <u>16,431</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (“PDPA”) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District’s deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District’s investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment’s value for COLOTRUST is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investment:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. At December 31, 2022, the District had \$13,413 invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+, of which \$5,737 is held in trust accounts with UMB Bank.

Note 3: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

\$1,540,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A and \$257,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019B

On February 7, 2019, the District issued \$1,540,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A (“Series 2019A Bonds”) and \$257,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019B (“Series 2019B Bonds”) for the purpose of financing public improvements related to the development, paying capitalized interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, depositing funds to the Senior Reserve Fund, and paying the cost of issuance of the Bonds. The Series 2019A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.750%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2019. The Series 2019B Bonds bear interest at the rate of 8.000%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2019, to the extent that Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available. During 2022, the Series 2019A and Series 2019B Bonds were advanced refunded in full by the Series 2022A Bonds.

\$2,325,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2022A

On June 9, 2022, the District issued \$2,325,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2022A (“Series 2022A Bonds”) for the purpose of advance refunding the Series 2019A and Series 2019B Bonds, financing public improvements related to the development, paying capitalized interest on the Series 2022A Bonds and paying the cost of issuance of the Bonds. Prior to the Tax-Exempt Reissuance Date (as defined in the Senior Indenture of Trust for the Series 2022A Bonds or the “Indenture of Trust”) the Series 2022A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 4.64% and after the Tax-Exempt Reissuance Date at a rate of 3.50%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2022 and mature on June 9, 2032. The Tax-Exempt Reissuance Date is anticipated to occur on September 15, 2023. The Series 2022A Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2023 and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities on June 10, 2022, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%. If the District fails to pay the principal and interest on the Series 2022A Bonds in full by June 9, 2032, interest on the Series 2022A Bonds shall accrue at the Default Interest Rate, as defined in the Senior Indenture of Trust, for so long as the Series 2022A Bonds remain outstanding. In the event that any amount of the Series 2022A Bonds remains unpaid on December 2, 2059, the 2022A Bonds and the lien on the 2022A Bonds securing payment shall be deemed discharged. Upon such discharge the 2022A Bonds owners will have no recourse to the District of any amount of principal and interest remaining unpaid. Subsequent to year end, the Series 2022 A Bonds converted to the tax-exempt rate of 3.5%

The Series 2022A Bonds are secured by the Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Required Mill Levy and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

\$810,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022B(3)

On September 14, 2022, the District issued \$810,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022B(3) (“Series 2022B(3) Bonds”) for the purpose of financing public improvements related to the development and paying the cost of issuance of the Bonds. The Series 2022B(3) Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7.50%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2022, to the extent that Subordinate Pledged Revenue (as defined in the Indenture of Trust (Subordinate) for the Series 2022B(3) Bonds or the “Subordinate Indenture of Trust”) is available. The Series 2022B(3) Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, on September 1, 2027 and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, together with a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%.

The Series 2022B(3) Bonds are secured by the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District. In the event that any amount of the Series 2022B(3) Bonds remains unpaid on December 16, 2059, the Series 2022B(3) Bonds and the lien on the Series 2022B(3) Bonds securing payment shall be deemed discharged. Upon such discharge the Series 2022B(3) Bonds owners will have no recourse to the District of any amount of principal and interest remaining unpaid.

Events of Default as defined in the Series 2022A Bonds and the Series 2022B₃ Bonds Indentures include 1) the failure or refusal of the District to impose the Required Mill levy, 2) the default by the District in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements, or conditions of the Indenture or the Bond Resolution, and failure to remedy the same after notice thereof pursuant to the Indenture, and 3) the filing of a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable laws seeking to adjust the obligations represented by the Bonds. Failure to pay the principal of or interest on the Series 2022A Bonds or the Series 2022B₃ Bonds when due shall not, of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture. Remedies available in the Event of Default include 1) receivership, 2) suit for judgment, and 3) other suits. Acceleration of the Series 2022A Bonds or the Series 2022B₃ Bonds is not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

Advance Refunding

On June 9, 2022, both the Series 2019A Bonds and the Series 2019B Bonds were advance refunded with the issuance of the Series 2022A Bonds. An escrow was funded to repay the bonds in full. The refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The requisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$156,216, this amount is will be amortized over the life of the 2022A Bonds. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$122,072.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2022A Bonds.

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 6,000	\$ 102,284	\$ 108,284
2024	40,000	81,165	121,165
2025	42,000	79,765	121,765
2026	46,000	78,295	124,295
2027	47,000	76,685	123,685
2028-2032	<u>2,144,000</u>	<u>324,195</u>	<u>2,468,195</u>
	<u>\$ 2,325,000</u>	<u>\$ 742,389</u>	<u>\$ 3,067,389</u>

Because of the uncertainty of the timing of the principal and interest payment on the Series 2022B(3) Bonds, no schedule of principal and interest payments is presented.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2022:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>1/1/2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/2022</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Portion</u>
<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>					
Series 2019A Bonds	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2019B Bonds	257,000	-	257,000	-	-
Series 2022A Bonds	-	2,325,000		2,325,000	6,000
Series 2022B(3) Bonds	-	810,000	44,000	766,000	
<u>Other</u>					
Developer advance	1,169,415	-	679,183	490,232	-
Developer advance interest	120,456	75,932	183,851	12,537	-
Total	<u>\$ 3,086,871</u>	<u>\$ 3,210,932</u>	<u>\$ 2,704,034</u>	<u>\$ 3,593,769</u>	<u>\$ 6,000</u>

Debt Authorization

On November 8, 2016, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in the amount not to exceed \$143,000,000. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$11,000,000. As of December 31, 2022, the District had \$7,865,000 remaining authority under the Service Plan. The District has not budgeted to issue new debt during 2023.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 4: Other Agreements

Operation Funding Agreement

The District and CFAB LLC (the “Developer”) entered into an Operation Funding Agreement on December 7, 2016, with an effective date of November 30, 2016, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Operation Funding Agreement dated December 5, 2018, further amended by the Second Amendment to the Operations Funding Agreement dated November 19, 2020 and further amended by the Amended and Restated Operation Funding Agreement dated November 17, 2022 (collectively, the “OFA”). Pursuant to the OFA, the Developer agrees to advance funds to the District for certain operation and maintenance expenses on a periodic basis, as needed, for years 2016 through 2023 up to \$60,000. The District agrees to repay these advances, together with accrued interest at the rate of 8% per annum. Any obligation of the District to reimburse the Developer expires on December 31, 2061, any amount not reimbursed on that date will be discharged. At December 31, 2022 the balance due under this agreement was \$4,228, including principal of \$3,219 and accrued interest of \$1,009.

Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated December 7, 2016 with an effective date of November 30, 2016 as amended by that certain First Amendment to Operation Funding Agreement dated December 5, 2018, (the “FFAA”). Pursuant to the FFAA, the Developer agrees to make advances, not to exceed \$2,000,000 to the District for the purpose of funding organization expenses, construction of public improvements and the acquisition of public improvements constructed by the Developer. The District agrees to repay these advances, together with accrued interest at a rate of 8% per annum. The FFAA does not constitute debt, but is an annual appropriations agreement intended to be repaid through a future bond issuance. The FFAA further provides that if the District has not repaid or reimbursed the Developer or any organizational expenses, construction related expenses and/or verified costs by December 31, 2049, any amount or principal and accrued interest outstanding under the FFAA on such date will be deemed forever discharged and satisfied in full. At December 31, 2022, the balance due under this agreement was \$498,541, including principal of \$487,013 and accrued interest of \$11,528.

Facilities Acquisition Agreement

On March 19, 2019 the District and Richmond American Homes of Colorado, Inc (the “Buyer”) entered into a Facilities Acquisition Agreement acknowledging the Buyer has entered into a certain Purchase and Sale Agreement with the previous Developer and is now the owner of property located within the District. The Developer retains any and all rights set forth in the Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement prior to March 19, 2019 and the Buyer agrees to design, construct, and complete the remaining District Improvements.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

ARTA Establishment Agreement

On June 6, 2019, the District joined the existing Aurora Regional Transportation Authority (“ARTA”) whereas the District and other member districts collect and convey the ARI Mill Levy, as defined in the Service Plan, to fund Regional Improvements.

Note 5: Related Party

All of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board. The District has entered into various funding agreements with the Developer, see Note 4.

Note 6: Economic Dependency

The District has not yet established a property tax base sufficient to pay the District’s operating costs. Until a sufficient property tax base is established, the District will be dependent upon funding by the Developer.

Note 7: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (“TABOR”), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year’s Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District’s management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 8, 2016, a majority of the District’s electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

BRISTOL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 8: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials’ liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The Government Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, developer advances payable and accrued interest on bonds and developer advances are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds, and,
- 2) deferred loss on refunding in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method in the statement of activities, and
- 2) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue and report interest as expenditures; however, these are reported as changes to long-term liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, and
- 3) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities, and
- 4) governmental funds report loss on refunding as deferred outflows of resources, however, in the statement of activities the loss on refunding is amortized over the term of the bonds.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Bristol Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original	Final		Variance
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 106,804	\$ 106,804	\$ 106,804	\$ -
Property taxes - Regional mill levy	2,136	-	2,136	2,136
Specific ownership taxes	7,476	7,476	6,743	(733)
Specific ownership taxes- Regional mill levy	150	-	135	135
Interest income	<u>2,000</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>995</u>	<u>(2,005)</u>
Total Revenues	<u>118,566</u>	<u>117,280</u>	<u>116,813</u>	<u>(467)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Bond principal	-	-	44,000	(44,000)
Bond interest expense	88,550	174,218	111,174	63,044
Regional mill levy	2,104	-	2,238	(2,238)
Issuance Costs	-	337,900	325,900	12,000
Trustee fees	6,000	7,000	12,000	(5,000)
Treasurer's fees	1,545	1,602	1,601	1
Treasurer's fees-ARI	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>(33)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>98,199</u>	<u>520,720</u>	<u>496,946</u>	<u>23,774</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	20,367	(403,440)	(380,133)	23,307
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bond proceeds	-	3,135,000	3,135,000	-
Payment to refunding agent	-	(2,021,000)	(2,020,913)	87
Transfers (to)/from other funds	<u>-</u>	<u>(866,280)</u>	<u>(863,034)</u>	<u>3,246</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>247,720</u>	<u>251,053</u>	<u>3,333</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,367	(155,720)	(129,080)	26,640
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>158,066</u>	<u>157,285</u>	<u>157,285</u>	<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 178,433</u>	<u>\$ 1,565</u>	<u>\$ 28,205</u>	<u>\$ 26,640</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Bristol Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES				
Interest income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Repay developer advances - principal	-	-	679,183	(679,183)
Capital improvements	-	866,280	-	866,280
Developer advance interest	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>183,851</u>	<u>(183,851)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>866,280</u>	<u>863,034</u>	<u>3,246</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(866,280)	(863,034)	3,246
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (to)/from other funds	<u>-</u>	<u>866,280</u>	<u>863,034</u>	<u>(3,246)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>866,280</u>	<u>863,034</u>	<u>(3,246)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Bristol Metropolitan District

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY
AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
December 31, 2022

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>December 31,</u>	<u>Prior</u> <u>Year Assessed</u> <u>Valuation</u> <u>for Current</u> <u>Year Property</u> <u>Tax Levy</u>	<u>Mills Levied</u>			<u>Total Property Tax</u>		<u>Percent</u> <u>Collected</u> <u>to Levied</u>
		<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Contractual</u>	<u>Levied</u>	<u>Collected</u>	
2019	\$ 451,142	66.332	0.000	0.000	\$ 29,925	\$ 29,925	100.00%
2020	\$ 451,111	11.132	55.664	1.113	\$ 30,634	\$ 30,634	100.00%
2021	\$ 809,474	11.132	55.664	1.113	\$ 54,971	\$ 54,971	100.00%
2022	\$ 1,918,720	11.132	55.664	1.113	\$ 130,298	\$ 130,299	100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2023	\$ 2,279,364	11.430	57.158	1.142	\$ 158,940		

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION – UNAUDITED

Bristol Metropolitan District

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

December 31, 2022

(Unaudited)

History of Assessed Valuations and Mill Levies for the District

Levy Year	Collection Year	Assessed Valuation		Mill Levies			Total
		Assessed Valuation	Percent Change	General Fund	Contractual Obligation	Bond Redemption	
2017	2018	\$ 451,142	0.00%	0.000	0.000	0.000	-
2018	2019	\$ 451,142	0.00%	66.332	0.000	0.000	66.332
2019	2020	\$ 451,111	-0.01%	11.132	1.113	55.664	67.909
2020	2021	\$ 809,474	79.44%	11.132	1.113	55.664	67.909
2021	2022	\$ 1,918,720	137.03%	11.132	1.113	55.664	67.909
2022	2023	\$ 2,279,364	18.80%	11.430	1.142	57.158	69.730

(1) Figures are through December 31, 2022

Property Tax collections for the District

Levy Year	Collection Year	Taxes Levied	Current Tax Collections	Collection Rate
2017	2018	\$ -	\$ -	-
2018	2019	\$ 29,925	\$ 29,925	100.00%
2019	2020	\$ 30,634	\$ 30,634	100.00%
2020	2021	\$ 54,971	\$ 54,971	100.00%
2021	2022	\$ 130,298	\$ 130,299	100.00%
2022	2023	\$ 158,940		

Source: County Assessor's Office